Success, Lessons, and Future 319 Programs in Mifflin County

April 12, 2016

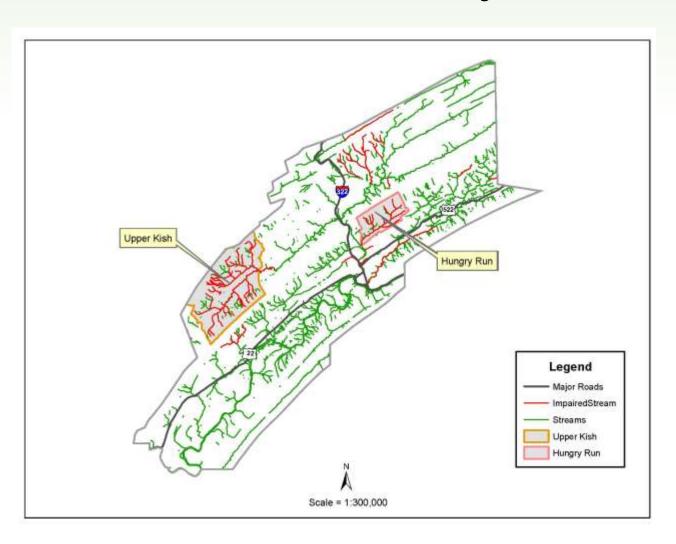
PA NPS Program Grantee Meeting



Presentation Goals

 Share our experiences (success, lessons, future plans) with the 319 program in Mifflin County to compare with other participants in the 319 program and to discuss project successes and lessons learned to guide future efforts.

319 Targeted Watersheds Mifflin County



Presentation Summary

- Surface Water Assessment 2001
- WIP developed for the Upper Kishacoquillas (UK)
 Watershed 2005
- WIP developed for Hungry Run (HR) Watershed 2008
- 319 Implementation Grants 2005-2015
- Draft TMDL 2011
- 319 Surface Water Monitoring Grants 2014
- NFWF Outreach and TA Grant 2013 & 2015
- NFWF Grant to update current UK WIP 2015-2016

Surface Water Assessment

- 2001 PA DEP Surface Water Assessment
 - Portion of Kishacoquillas Creek (UK) added to 303(d) list
 - Excess siltation and nutrients due to agriculture
 - Hungry Run (HR) added to 303(d) list
 - Excess siltation and nutrients due to agriculture

Watershed Implementation Plans

WIP developed for the UK Watershed in 2005 WIP developed for the HR Watershed in 2008

WIP Methodology:

- BMP data collected from current conservation plans
- Farm data (number of farms were estimated using ArcGIS parcel data and field verification).
- Scenarios were run using PREDICT software
- Farm prioritization

319 Implementation Grants (UK)

17 Landowners\$1.7 MILLION awarded

BMPs Installed

- 12 Manure Storage Structures
- 10 Heavy Use Area projects (typically concrete, curbed and roofed barnyards)
- 13,427 ft. (2.5 miles) of stream fenced creating almost 8 acres of buffer
- 17 stabilized livestock crossings
- 28 in stream fish habitat/bank stabilization structures
- 18 nutrient management plans
- 13 manure management plans
- 12 Ag E & S plans

319 Implementation Grants (HR)

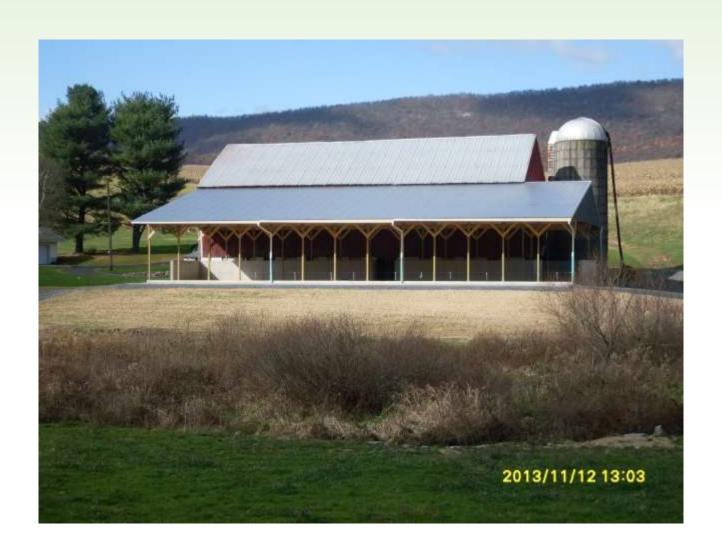
6 Landowners

\$1.3 MILLION awarded

BMPs Installed

- 4 Manure Storage Structures
- 4 Heavy Use Area projects
- 4,786 ft. of stream fenced creating 3.3 acres of buffer
- 7 stabilized livestock crossings
- 50 in-stream fish habitat/bank stabilization structures
- 4 nutrient management plans









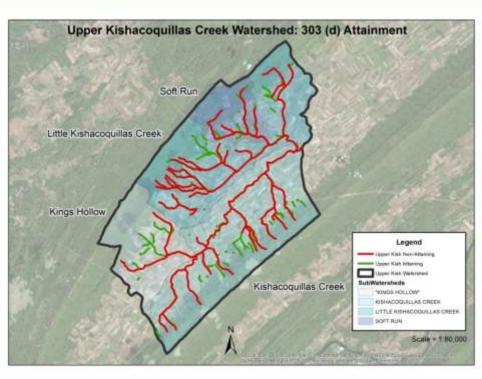


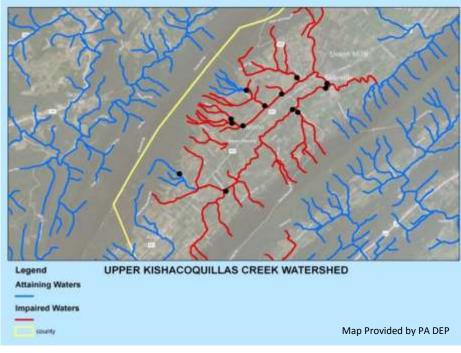


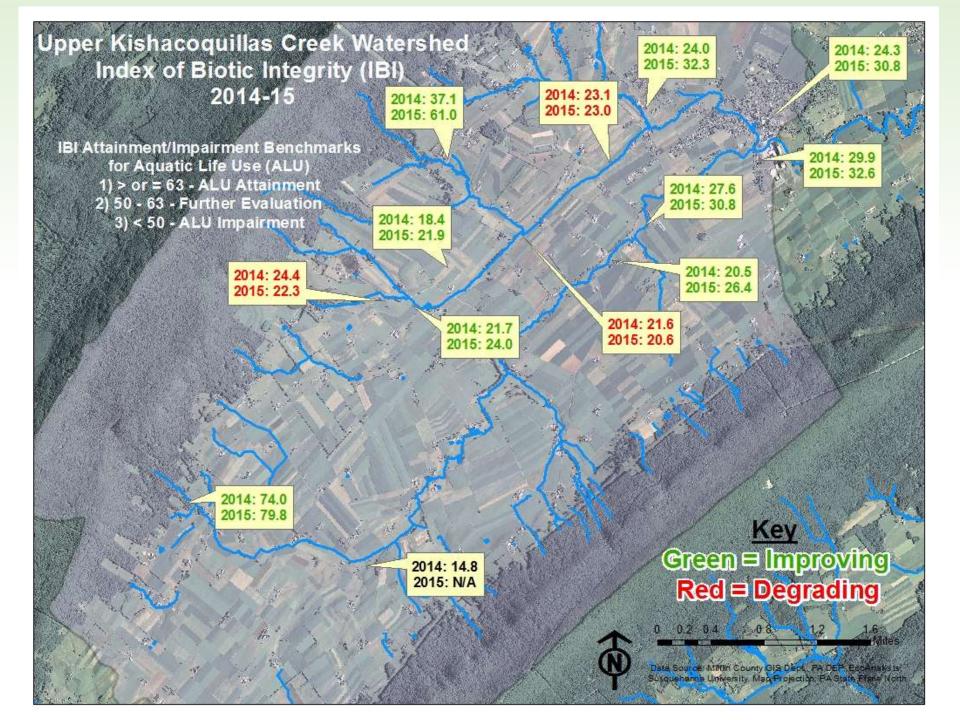
319 Surface Water Monitoring Grant

- Grant submitted in 2013 (FFY 2014), program began in spring 2014
 - Two watersheds Upper Kish (13 sites); Hungry Run (9)
 - Initially funding for two years, extended to three years
 - Submitted another 319 grant (FFY 2016) for three additional years
- Assessment PA DEP ICE Survey Protocol
 - Field Chemistry
 - Water Chemistry (SAC 018 35 tests)
 - Physical Habitat
 - Biological (Macroinvertebrates)

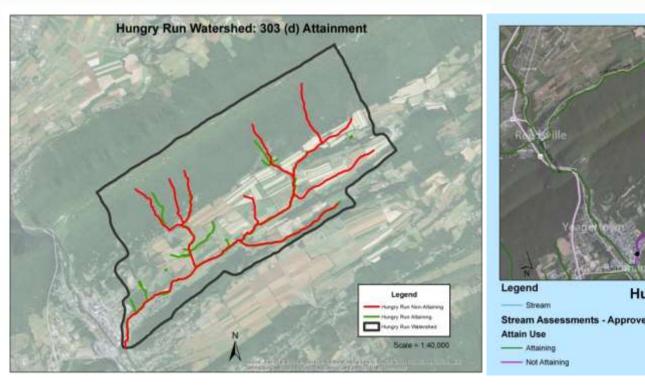
Upper Kishacoquillas Creek Watershed Surface Water Monitoring

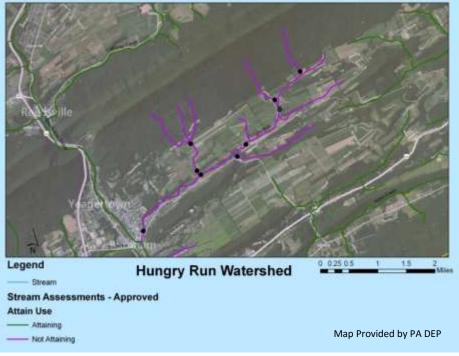


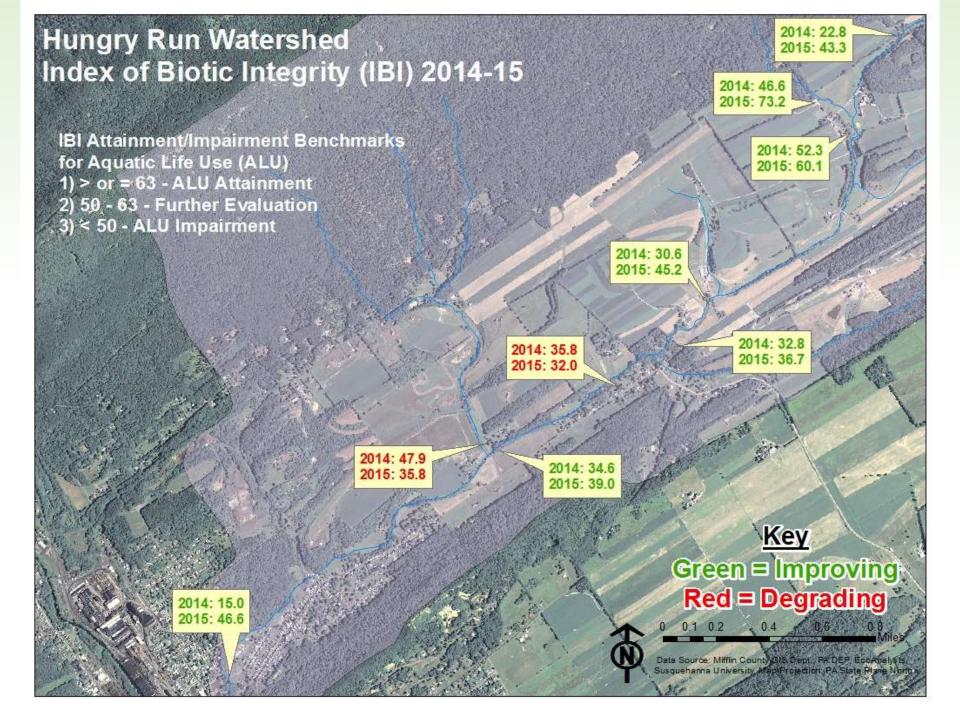




Hungry Run Watershed Surface Water Monitoring







Surface Water Monitoring

- Looking ahead
 - Continue established program
 - Anticipate funding for fish electroshock sampling
 - Glimpse into fish populations
 - Indicator of success
 - Talking point for potential project landowners
 - Fish are the glamour species
 - Anticipate funding for monitoring equipment
 - Multimeter unit
 - Pre/post project monitoring
 - Additional sampling at established sites throughout year
 - What are conditions in July?



NFWF Outreach and TA Grant

- Received a NFWF Chesapeake Bay Small Watershed Grant for Outreach and Technical Assistance (2013 and 2015)
 - Outreach to "underserved" groups (including Plain Sect)
 - Supports one staff position
 - \$25,000 of implementation money

Lessons Learned

- Bay Special Projects Grants
- Whole Farm Approach
 - Combining grant monies for one project Partnerships
- BMP performance over time
- Dealing with Landowners
- Grant applications becoming more specific
 - Precise estimates

- Reasons for update
 - Out of date information
 - Limited "core" BMPs listed
 - Significant progress (How far have we come and how far do we need to go?)
 - Changes on the land (property ownership, voluntary BMPs, ag compliance plans).
 - Draft TMDL 2011
 - Impaired watershed expanded
- NFWF Technical Assistance Grant 2015-2016
 - Contracted with BSA/LA and Land Studies to update UK WIP

Decided to use TMDL draft as our guidance for the new WIP...

- 1. Reviewed information in old WIP
- 2. Reviewed draft TMDL
 - Submitted questions to DEP for clarification
- 3. Compiled current data from the UK watershed
 - a) BMP data
 - b) Farm data
 - c) Animal # estimates (DEP farm visits)
- 4. Submitted to Land Studies for modeling using MapShed

Modeling Results

- Base model for reference (no inputs or changes)
- Duplicate TMDL model run in Mapshed
 - Upper Kish
 - Reference watershed = Middle Creek
- Ran model with BMP information from UK to estimate reductions to date

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- Pre 2011 w/o animal numbers Met TMDL targets!!!
- Pre 2011 with animals
 Lots of work to do...
- Post 2011 w/o animals Met TMDL targets!!!
- Post 2011 with animals Lots of work to do...

Obvious problem = comparing apples to oranges...!!!!

Modeling Results

- Decided to incorporate Middle Creek animal info estimates
 - Processed estimates using same methodology
- Results
 - Pre 2011 w/ all animals Met TMDL targets!!!
 - Post 2011 w/ all animals Met TMDL targets!!!

Now What??

Met TMDL targets?

- We suspect that attaining use has not yet been achieved due to water quality data
 - Ave. IBI score = 33.79

Future = Logical solution would be to add BMP's from the Middle Creek watershed

WIP Update Lessons Learned

- Model and water quality data do not agree
 - Model should be comparable to water quality data, but model needs lots of data!!
- Lots of <u>specific</u> data required for modeling!!!
 - BMP #s, Animal #s
- Need to define a way to measure intermediate success and identify the remaining reductions necessary to meet our goals.

Question/Comments?